# Exercise Sheet 10

Discussion on 12.01.23

### Exercise 1 (Globally continuous, piecewise differentiable functions)

Let  $\Omega \subseteq \mathbb{R}^n$  be a Lipschitz domain and let  $(\Omega_j)_{j=1,\dots,J}$  be Lipschitz domains that are disjoint subsets of  $\Omega$  with  $\overline{\Omega} = \overline{\Omega}_1 \cup \dots \cup \overline{\Omega}_J$ . Let  $u : \Omega \to \mathbb{R}$  with  $u|_{\Omega_j} \in \mathcal{C}^1(\overline{\Omega}_j)$  for all  $j = 1, \dots, J$ . Show that u is weakly differentiable if and only if  $u \in \mathcal{C}(\overline{\Omega})$ .

#### Exercise 2 (Solutions to PMP)

In the setting of the Poisson model problem, let  $V = H_D^1(\Omega)$ ,  $a: V \times V \to \mathbb{R}$  defined by  $a(u, v) = \int_{\Omega} \nabla u \cdot \nabla v \, dx$  and  $F(v) = \int_{\Omega} fv \, dx + \int_{\Gamma_N} gv \, ds$ . Furthermore assume that  $\Gamma_D$  has positive (d-1) dimensional measure. Prove that there exists a unique solution  $u \in V$  to

$$a(u, v) = F(v)$$
 for any  $v \in V$ ,

and that this solution satisfies

$$||u||_{H^1(\Omega)} \le (1 + C_P^2) \max\{1, C_\gamma\} (||f||_{L^2(\Omega)} + ||g||_{L^2(\Gamma_N)}).$$

## Exercise 3 $(H^1(\Omega)$ is not embedded in $\mathcal{C}^0(\overline{\Omega}))$

Let  $\Omega = B_{1/2}(0) \subseteq \mathbb{R}^2$  and  $u : \Omega \to \mathbb{R}$  with

$$u(x) := \ln\left(\left|\ln|x|\right|\right).$$

Prove that  $u \in H^1(\Omega) \setminus \mathcal{C}(\Omega)$ .

*Hint:* Calculate the (classical) partial derivatives on  $B_{1/2}(0) \setminus \{0\}$  and show that they lie in  $L^2(\Omega)$  by transformation to polar coordinates.

#### Exercise 4 (Euler formulas)

Let  $\mathcal{T}$  denote a regular triangulation of the simply connected bounded domain  $\Omega$  with nodes  $\mathcal{N}$ , edges  $\mathcal{E}$  and interior edges  $\mathcal{E}(\Omega)$ . Prove that

$$|\mathcal{N}| + |\mathcal{T}| = 1 + |\mathcal{E}|, \qquad 2|\mathcal{T}| + 1 = |\mathcal{N}| + |\mathcal{E}(\Omega)|,$$

where  $|\bullet|$  denotes the number of elements in a set. How can these formulas be generalized for multiply connected domains?