Exercises 13.2, Mathematics 1 (12-PHY-BIPMA1) Artem Sapozhnikov

1. Let U and V be vector spaces over a field F. Let e_1, \ldots, e_n be a basis in U, and f_1, \ldots, f_m a basis in V. Let T_1 and T_2 be linear maps from U to V represented by the matrices

$$A_{T_1} = \begin{pmatrix} \alpha_{11} & \dots & \alpha_{1n} \\ & \dots & \\ \alpha_{m1} & \dots & \alpha_{mn} \end{pmatrix}, \qquad A_{T_2} = \begin{pmatrix} \beta_{11} & \dots & \beta_{1n} \\ & \dots & \\ \beta_{m1} & \dots & \beta_{mn} \end{pmatrix}.$$

Let $\alpha \in F$. Prove that

$$A_{T_1+T_2} = \begin{pmatrix} \alpha_{11} + \beta_{11} & \dots & \alpha_{1n} + \beta_{1n} \\ & \dots & & \\ \alpha_{m1} + \beta_{m1} & \dots & \alpha_{mn} + \beta_{mn} \end{pmatrix}, \qquad A_{\alpha T_1} = \begin{pmatrix} \alpha \alpha_{11} & \dots & \alpha \alpha_{1n} \\ & \dots & \\ \alpha \alpha_{m1} & \dots & \alpha \alpha_{mn} \end{pmatrix}.$$

- 2. Let F be a field. Prove that $M_{m,n}(F) \cong F^{mn}$.
- 3. Let F be a field. Let $A \in M_{k,l}(F)$, $B \in M_{l,m}(F)$, $C \in M_{m,n}(F)$. Prove that A(BC) = (AB)C, i.e., the multiplication of matrices is associative.
- 4. Let F be a field. Let $A, B \in M_{n,n}(F)$ be ivertible matrices. Prove that
 - (a) A^{-1} is invertible and $(A^{-1})^{-1} = A$.
 - (b) *AB* is invertible and $(AB)^{-1} = B^{-1}A^{-1}$.
- 5. Prove that the set of matrices

$$\left\{ \left(\begin{array}{cc} x & y \\ -y & x \end{array}\right), \ x, y \in \mathbb{R} \right\}$$

is a vector subspace of $M_{2,2}(\mathbb{R})$. Prove that it is isomorphic to the vector space of complex numbers over \mathbb{R} .