

## Problem sheet 2

Solutions has to be uploaded into Moodle: https://moodle2.uni-leipzig.de/mod/assign/view.php?id=1012644 until 22:00, April 29.

- 1. [1+1+1 points] Let  $X = \{0, 1, 2\}$  and  $H = \{\emptyset, \{0\}, \{1\}, \{0, 1\}\}$ . Is the function  $\mu : H \to \mathbb{R}$  a measure on H, where  $\mu$  is defined as
  - (a)  $\mu(\emptyset) := 0, \, \mu(\{0\}) = -1, \, \mu(\{1\}) = 2 \text{ and } \mu(\{0,1\}) = 1;$
  - (b)  $\mu(\emptyset) := 0, \, \mu(\{0\}) = 1, \, \mu(\{1\}) = 2 \text{ and } \mu(\{0,1\}) = 3;$
  - (c)  $\mu(\emptyset) := 0, \, \mu(\{0\}) = 1, \, \mu(\{1\}) = 2 \text{ and } \mu(\{0,1\}) = 1?$
- 2. [3 points] Show that a nonnegative, additive and continuous below<sup>1</sup> function  $\mu$  on a ring H is a measure on H.
- 3. [4 points] Let  $\mu$  be a measure on a  $\sigma$ -algebra  $H \subset 2^X$  and  $\mu(X) = 1$ . For a family of sets  $\{A_n : n \ge 1\} \subset H$  satisfying  $\mu(A_n) = 1, n \ge 1$ , show that  $\mu\left(\bigcap_{n=1}^{\infty} A_n\right) = 1$ .
- 4. [4 points] Let  $\mu$  be a measure on an algebra  $H \subset 2^X$  and  $\mu(X) = 1$ . Let a family of sets  $\{A_1, \ldots, A_n\} \subset H$  satisfy the following property

$$\mu(A_1) + \dots + \mu(A_n) > n - 1.$$

Show that  $\mu(\bigcap_{k=1}^{n} A_k) > 0.$ 

5. [4+4 points] For a sequence  $\{A_n : n \ge 1\}$  of subsets of X define

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} A_n := \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} \bigcap_{k=n}^{\infty} A_k, \quad \lim_{n \to \infty} A_n := \bigcap_{n=1}^{\infty} \bigcup_{k=n}^{\infty} A_k.^2$$

Let  $\mu$  be a measure on a  $\sigma$ -algebra  $H \subset 2^X$  and  $\{A_n : n \ge 1\} \subset H$ .

- (a) Prove that μ (lim<sub>n→∞</sub> A<sub>n</sub>) ≤ lim<sub>n→∞</sub> μ(A<sub>n</sub>).
  (b) Let additionally μ (U<sup>∞</sup><sub>k=1</sub> A<sub>k</sub>) < +∞. Show that μ (lim<sub>n→∞</sub> A<sub>n</sub>) ≥ lim<sub>n→∞</sub> μ(A<sub>n</sub>).
- 6. [3 bonus points] Show that a nonnegative, additive and  $\sigma$ -semiadditive function  $\mu$  on a ring R is a measure on R.
- 7. [4 bonus points] Let  $\mu$  be a measure on a  $\sigma$ -algebra  $H \subset 2^X$  and  $\mu(X) = 1$ . Show that for every sequence  $\{A_n : n \ge 1\} \subset H$  the equality

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \mu(A_n) < +\infty$$

implies  $\mu\left(\lim_{n\to\infty}A_n\right) = 0.$ 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>A function  $\mu$  defined on a ring H is called **continuous below**, if for every increasing family  $\{A_n : n \ge 1\} \subset H$  one has  $\mu\left(\bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} A_n\right) = \lim_{n \to \infty} \mu(A_n)$ 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The set  $\lim_{n \to \infty} A_n$  consists of all points which belongs to  $A_n$  for all  $n \ge n_0$  starting from some nomber  $n_0$ . The set  $\lim_{n \to \infty} A_n$  consists of all point which belongs to an infinite number of  $A_n$ .